Isabel Benham Gateway
Constructed in 1883, the building houses Admissions, Financial Aid, and Communications, and is named for Isabel Benham ’31.

New Dorm Hall
Originally constructed in 1949 and renovated in 2001, the building houses a residence and dining hall.

Brecon Hall
Constructed in 1903, this dorm is named for the Welsh county where the original Bryn Mawr is located.

Jane Batten House
Donated to the College in 1959 by the family of Jane Batten ’31, this dorm is for students interested in the environment and social justice.

Bern Schwartz Fitness and Athletic Center
Constructed in 1982, the building’s 2010 renovations included new locker rooms, upgrades to the pool, and a modernized fitness center.

Radnor Hall
This dorm was completed in 1887.

Campus Center
A 1985 renovation was made possible by a grant from Marie Solaint Neuberger ’30. The center houses the Bookshop, Conferences and Events office, and Uncommon Grounds Café.

Merion Hall
This is the College’s oldest dorm, completed in 1885. Merion Green serves as the venue for Reunion, May Day, and Commencement.

Denbigh Hall
This dorm opened in 1891.

Merion Green serves as the venue for Reunion, May Day, and Commencement.

Donated to the College in 1959 by the family of Jane Batten ’55, this dorm is for students interested in the environment and social justice.

Human Resources
This Ty-Bach style house was constructed in 1938–40.

Wyndham
This intact late-18th century residence houses the Alumnae Association office and Wyndham Alumnae House Bed and Breakfast.

Rockefeller Hall
Completed in 1904, this dorm was a gift from John D. Rockefeller.

Rhoads Hall, North and South
Named after James E. Rhoads, the College’s first president, these dorms were built in 1894 and renovated in 1982. Many rooms in both wings still contain the original fireplaces and window seats.

Marjorie Walter Goodhart Hall
Constructed in 1949–50, Goodhart Hall underwent a major renovation in 2009 which revamped the space. It houses the McPherson Auditorium, Republin Teaching Theater, and Goodhart Music Room.

Taylor Hall
Constructed in 1879–1884, Taylor Hall is the original administrative/admin building of the College and is essentially intact.

Enid Cook ’31 Center
Named for Enid Appo Cook ’31, the first African American woman to graduate from Bryn Mawr, the Center serves as the Black Cultural Center on campus.

Rhys Carpenter Library
Constructed in 1994–97, this is a large low-grade addition to the rear of College Hall.

College Hall
Constructed in 1901–07 by Cope & Stewardson, the Quita Woodward Wing was added in 1936–38 (Thomas & Martin). In 1944–55, Rhys Carpenter Library was added to the rear.