ISABEL BENHAM GATEWAY

Constructed in 1883, the building houses Admissions, Financial Aid, and Communications, and is named for Isabel Benham ’31.

NEW DORM HALL

Originally constructed in 1969 and renovated in 2019, the building houses a residence and dining hall.

CAMBRIAN ROW

Completed in 2004, Cambrian Row is composed of student activity and resource buildings including Gymnoc, Ashsly, and Dolwen.

BRECON HALL

Constructed in 1902, this dorm is named for the Welsh county where the original Bryn Mawr is located.

JANE BATTEN HOUSE

Donated to the College in 1939 by the family of Jane Batten ’32, this dorm is for students interested in the environment and social justice.

BERN SCHWARTZ FITNESS AND ATHLETIC CENTER

Constructed in 1984, the building’s 2010 renovation included new locker rooms, pool upgrades, and a modernized fitness center.

MARION EDWARDS PARK SCIENCE & COLLIER SCIENCE LIBRARY

Constructed in 1990–91, the library is housed in the newly renovated Marion Edwards Park Science Building.

RADNOR HALL

Completed in 1887, Radnor was Bryn Mawr’s first dormitory designed by Cope & Stewardson.

CAMPUS CENTER

A 1985 renovation was made possible by a grant from Marie Salant Neuberger ’30. The center houses the Bookshop, Conferences and Events office, and Uncommon Grounds Café.

MERION HALL

This is the College’s oldest dorm, completed in 1885. Merion Green serves as the venue for Reunion, May Day, and Commencement.

DENBIGH HALL

Opened in 1891, Denbigh was designed by Stewardson & Cope, who introduced the first examples of Collegiate Gothic architecture to the U.S.

ELEANOR DONNELLEY EDMAN HALL

This dorm and dining hall was designed by architect Louis Kahn and opened in 1965.

MARJORIE WALTER GOODHART HALL

Constructed in 1926–28, Goodhart Hall underwent a major renovation in 2009 that revamped the space. It houses the McPherson Auditorium, Hepburn Teaching Theater, and Goodhart Music Room.

WYNDHAM

This intact late-18th century residence houses the Wyndham Alumnae House Bed and Breakfast.

ROCKEFELLER HALL

Completed in 1904, this dorm was a gift from John D. Rockefeller.

RHOADS HALL, NORTH AND SOUTH

Named after James E. Rhoads, the College’s first president, these dorms were built in 1937.

MIRIAM COFFIN CANADAY LIBRARY

The library was constructed in 1966–68, the Lusty Cup Café is located in its basement.

TAYLOR HALL

Constructed in 1879–1884, Taylor Hall is the original administrative/academic building of the College and is essentially intact.

PEMBROKE HALL, EAST AND WEST

These dorms were built in 1884, many rooms in both wings still contain the original fireplaces and window seats.

ENID COOK ’31 CENTER

Named for Enid Appo Cook ’31, the first African American woman to graduate from Bryn Mawr, the Center serves as the Black Cultural Center on campus.

RHYNS CARPENTER LIBRARY

Constructed in 1994–95, this is a large low-grade addition to the rear of Old Library.

OLD LIBRARY

Old Library was constructed in 1901–97 by Cope & Stewardson. In 1936–40, the Quota Woodward Wing was added, and in 1994–95, Rhyne Carpenter Library was added to the rear.